Seat of the matter

Measuring seat comfort used to be an exclusively subjective experience. However, recent advances involving tactile surface pressure measurement now make it possible to scientifically measure comfort with a high degree of accuracy

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The image vividly shows the surface distribution and magnitude pressure of the buttocks, thighs and legs of a person seated. Jason Blume, Electronic Systems Program Manager, says, "The even distribution of pressure is very evident and supportive of comfort."

Railway design engineers and manufacturers can test the design and materials for a seat and maximise ergonomic comfort by using electronic surface pressure sensor systems. Edward ('Ted') Claghorn, market development manager of MTI Specialty Silicones, recently chose the Tactilus Bodyfitter surface pressure mapping system from Sensor Products Inc to test his silicone seat cushions for the Victoria Line of the London Underground.

Claghorn had previously used other tactile pressure sensors and chose Tactilus because it was able to show with greater precision and in a variety of colourful visual formats the actual magnitude and distribution of pressure over the entire body surface that came into contact with the cushion.



which is essentially an 'electronic skin' with more than 1,000 sensing points, was placed on top of the different foams that had been inserted into the cushions. Upon activation, the sensors immediately recorded and transmitted the data to the system's powerful Windows-based software.

Tactilus confirmed that the silicone cushion Claghorn had specified,

Vadim Shavlt of Sensor Products Inc

sits on the Blue Tactilus Pad connected to a hub, which wirelessly transmits

with a thin profile, while performing best for both applications, especially supported the pan-style choice that MTI Specialty Silicones had made for the 25,000 units it will roll out for the Victoria Line in early 2008.

"The pressure mapping showed us how evenly the pressure is distributed throughout the buttocks and thighs," says Claghorn. "The report stimulated our thinking about ergonomic design. Since this pressure mapping can be done on any kind of material, the steel pan the cushion rests on could also be subject to design modification and testing with Tactilus in the future."

While Tactilus has many different applications for measuring pressure between any two contacting or mating surfaces, Bodyfitter is especially suited for seating analysis, measuring pressures from 0-4 PSI (0.28 kg/cm²). The seat surface, backrest and headrest can all be measured simultaneously.

Tactilus is a matrix-based tactile surface sensor that works by the principle of piezoresistance. It employs sophisticated mathematical algorithms that intelligently separate the signal from noise, and advanced electronic shielding techniques to maximise environmental immunity to temperature and humidity.

As a leading manufacturer of seat cushions for rail authorities worldwide, MTI Specialty Silicones will be at Railway Interiors Expo 2007. See page 34 for a preview of the show.

ABOVE:

Two-dimension image of the same seat cushion. Each of the squares is a separate tactile sensing point, measuring 1.4cm². It is possible to see that the person's centre of gravity is well supported by the seat cushion, allowing the person to sit up straight

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"Numbers tend to blend together, and average minimum and maximum pressure readings don't tell the whole story," says Claghorn. "When you look at three-dimensional surface pressure distribution maps, there is a huge difference. You don't have to spend hours analysing data. Plus, the visuals provide a compelling argument for or against the comfort of your product."

Compare and contrast

Sensor Products produced various comparative analyses showing surface pressure distribution characteristics of three different models of silicone foams mounted on spring and pan-style bases. To test the different models, a Tactilus pad,

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